

Classification of vasculitis

Classification of the Vasculitic Syndromes According to Vessel size and ANCA

Dominant Vessel	Primary	Secondary
Large arteries	Giant cell arteritis Takayasu's arteritis	Aortitis associated with RA, infection (e.g. syphilis, TB)
Medium arteries	Classical PAN Kawasaki disease	Hepatitis B associated PAN
Small vessels and medium arteries	Wegener's granulomatosis* Churg-Strauss syndrome* Microscopic polyangiitis*	Vasculitis secondary to Rheumatoid Arthritis, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Sjogrens syndrome, Drugs, Infection (e.g HIV)
Small vessels	Henoch-Schönlein purpura Cryoglobulinaemia Cutaneous leucocytoclastic angiitis	Drugs Hepatitis C associated Infection

* Diseases commonly associated with ANCA and with a significant risk of renal involvement, and most responsive to immunosuppression with cyclophosphamide.